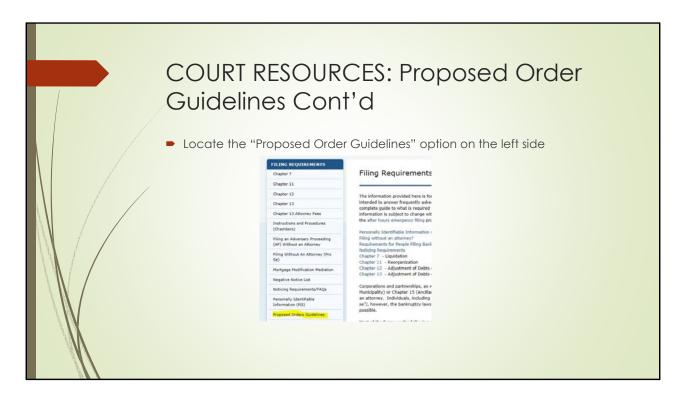


[Presenter: Samantha Kelley, Law Clerk to Judge Specie]

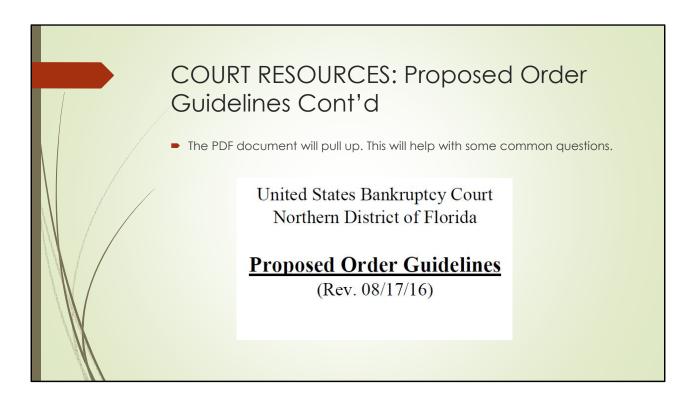
An area that always seems to raise a lot of questions is the area of proposed orders. In hopes of saving your offices time and money, we thought we would take just a few moments and provide some helpful tips to make sure your orders are ready for Judge Specie's consideration when they are submitted. To begin, it might be helpful to point out some of the Court's resources that will assist you in your quest to draft great proposed orders.



The first resource will provide you some basic guidelines that apply to all orders. This document is appropriately titled "Proposed Order Guidelines." To find it, simply go to our website, www.flnb.uscourts.gov. From there, click on the "Filing Requirements" tab.



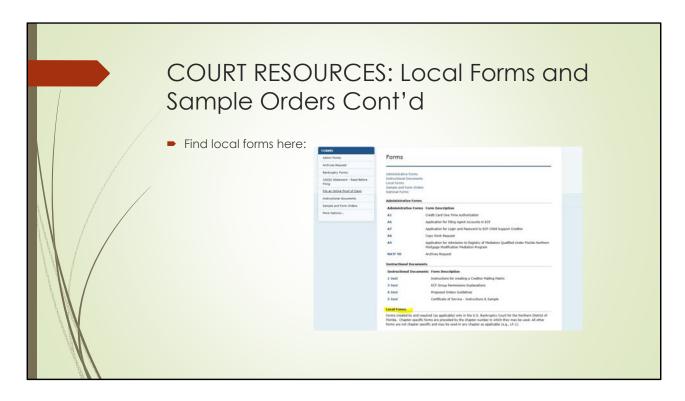
Once the tab opens, you will see an option on the left hand side for proposed order guidelines.



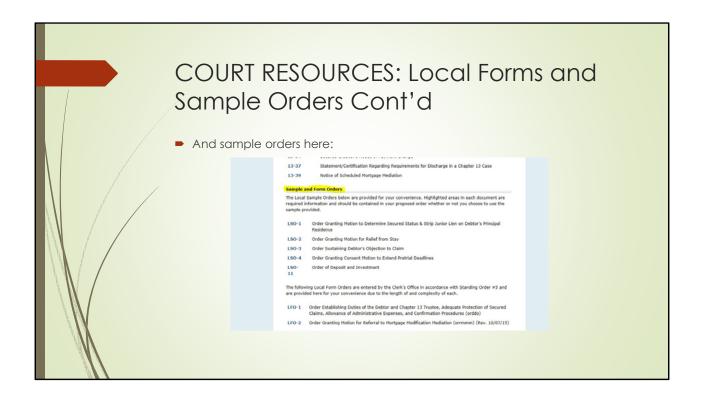
This will pull up the PDF that will answer a lot of the common questions that might arise when preparing proposed orders. We will review some of those in a couple of minutes, but this is a great resource to start with when questions come up.



Another great resource provides links to some of our local forms, and even some examples of orders for common motions that are filed on a regular basis. To access this resource, go to our website and hit the "Forms" tab.

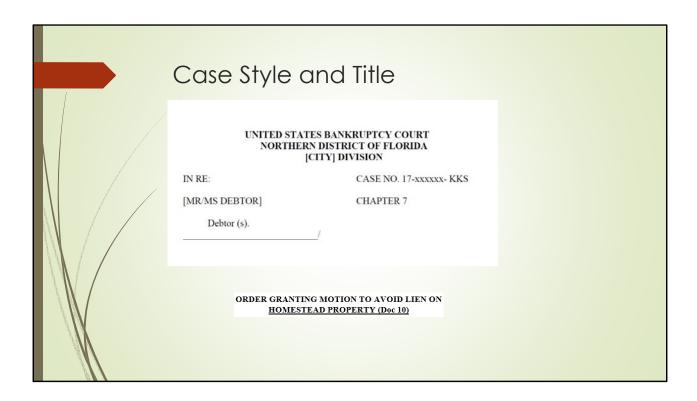


This tab opens up the various local forms, and sample orders you can browse for whatever situation you need. It would be helpful to familiarize yourself with what is available under this tab so that you can go right to it if the need arises.

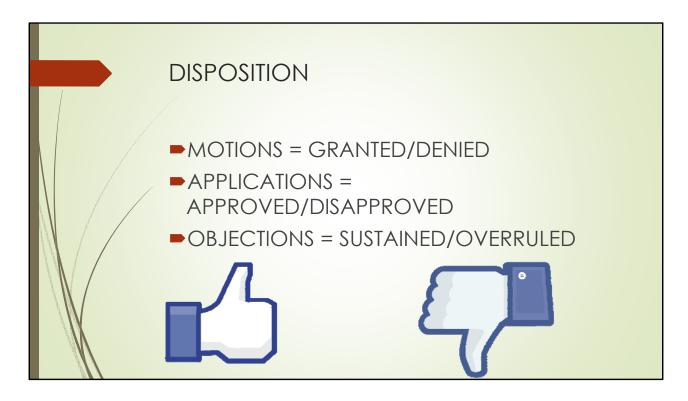




Now, I would like to discuss some helpful tips and tricks to save time on proposed orders. Let's start with the basics: Judge Specie prefers orders to be in a size 14 font that is easy to read. Times New Roman or Century are great choices, but anything similar works as well. Please just make sure the font is consistent throughout. We have had to send many orders back that contained three or more fonts at times.



As far as the case style, just make sure to include the chapter, debtor/defendant's name, and the case number with Judge's initials. As far as the title, all Orders should say they are an Order, and should reference the specific Document they are referring to. The title should also have the proper disposition of the document (granting, sustaining, disapproving, etc), and should contain the Docket Number of the document. Ensuring that the case style, and title have the correct information helps us locate the document quickly and efficiently, and helps your orders go up to the Judge for approval, and not back to your office.



A quick note on disposition: Motions are Granted or Denied, Applications are Approved or Disapproved, Objections are Sustained or Overruled. This is how the order should reference each document described above.

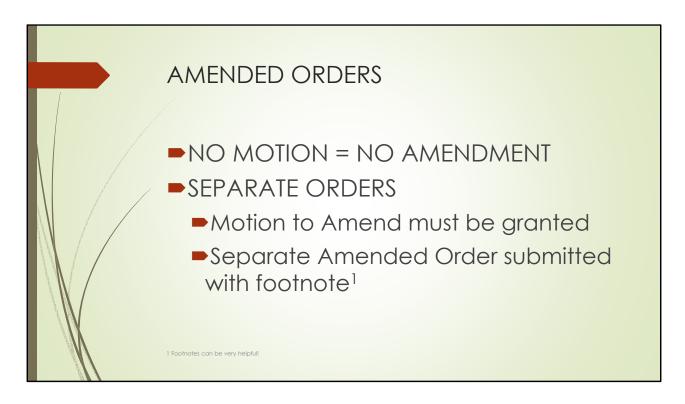
"PREPARED BY" AND SERVICE LANGUAGE

This Order prepared by: Joe Smith Law Offices, P.A.

SERVICE LANGUAGE: Proposed orders will be required to include one of these service statements:

- For an Attorney: "Attorney [Name of submitting attorney] is directed to serve a copy of
 this order on interested parties and file a certificate of service within 3 business days of
 entry of the order"
- For a Trustee: "Trustee [Name of submitting trustee] is directed to serve a copy of this
 order on interested parties and file a certificate of service within 3 business days of entry
 of the order"

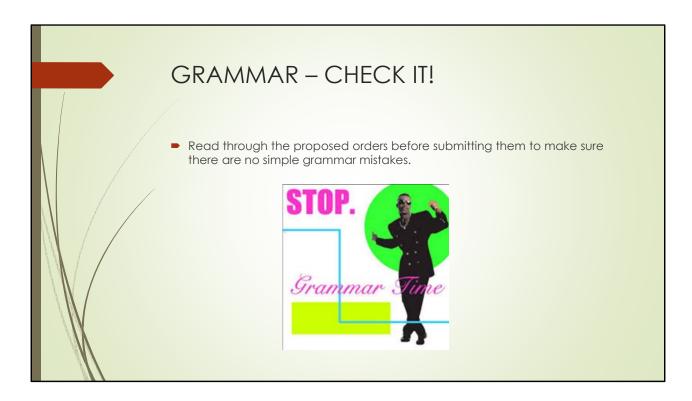
It is also important to make sure to include the name of the attorney who prepared the order, just in case it needs to be sent back. Something you will also want to include is the service language, directing an attorney or the court, to serve the document.



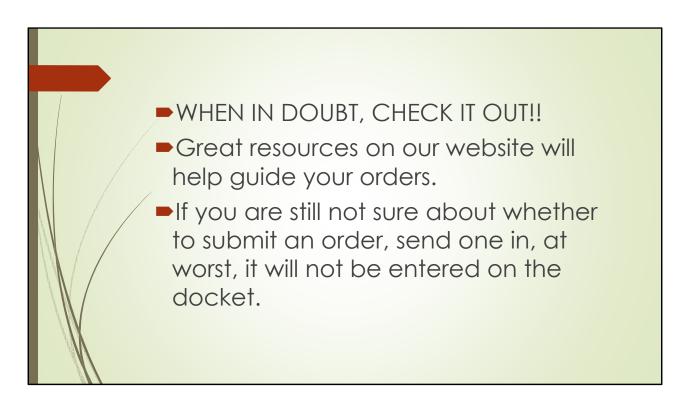
If you need an order to be amended, there are two steps you will need to go through: 1) the court cannot amend an order without a motion, so there will need to be a motion filed and granted before the order can be amended; 2) once a motion to amend is granted, a separate amended order will need to be submitted that contains a footnote explaining why the order is being amended. The orders need to be separate from each other, one granting a motion to amend, and a second separate amended order.



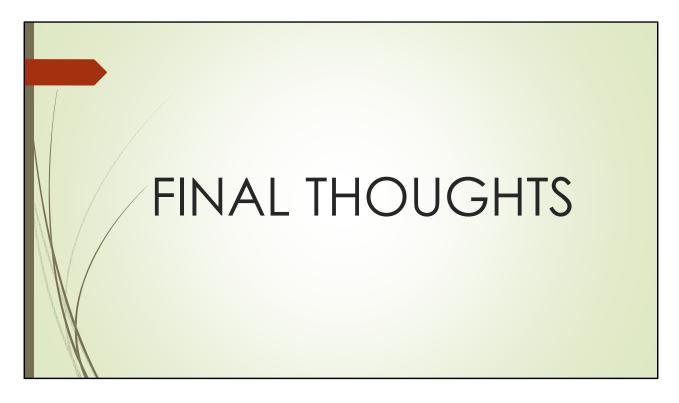
If a document is served on negative notice, make sure to say so, and more importantly, make sure to include whether a party has objected or not. Judge Specie likes to make clear why and how the document is being resolved. Also, if a matter came before the court for a hearing, make sure to include the hearing date. This will help everyone be able to reference when the matter was decided. Basic grammar is also always helpful.



Basic grammar is also always helpful. Make sure to read the proposed order through to ensure there are no incomplete sentences, or sentences that are missing information.



If you are not sure whether to submit a proposed order, submit one! Worst case, it will not be entered because it doesn't need to be.



Our goal is to have proposed orders run through each step of the process smoothly, and with your help, we can make that happen, and ensure they get entered on the docket as quickly as possible. Most times, what holds orders up are simple mistakes that can be avoided. But with these tips and the resources on our website, proposed orders can be easy! Are there any questions?